

Analysis of the binary star TIC 33477093



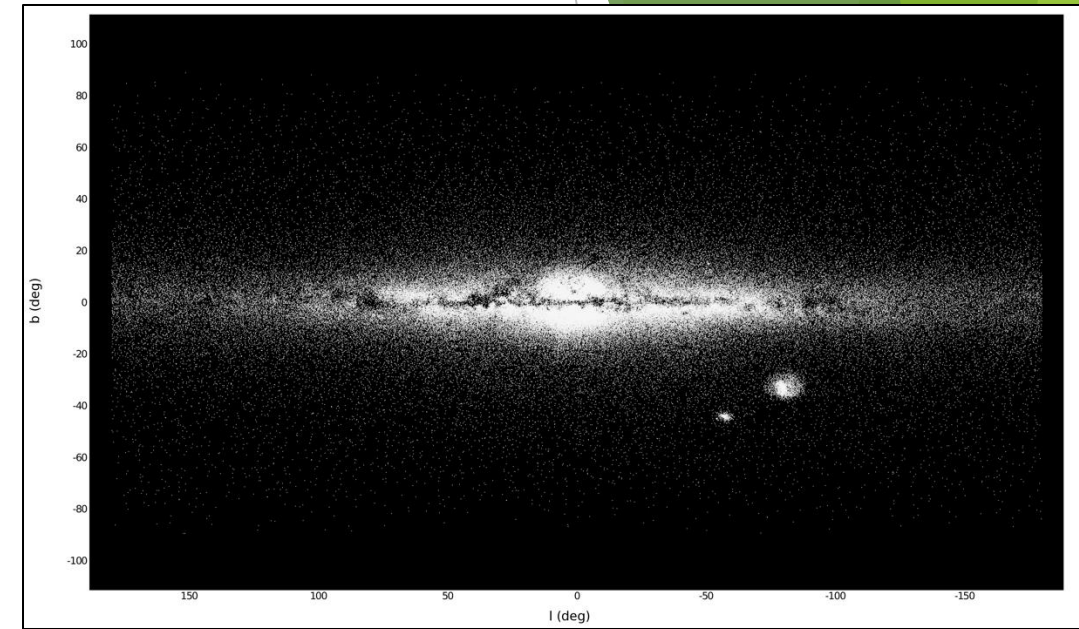
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Stellar Selection

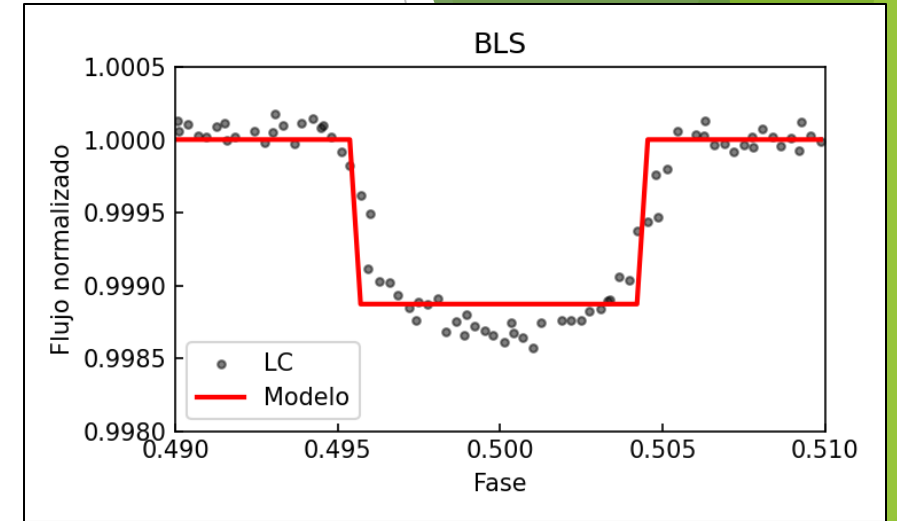
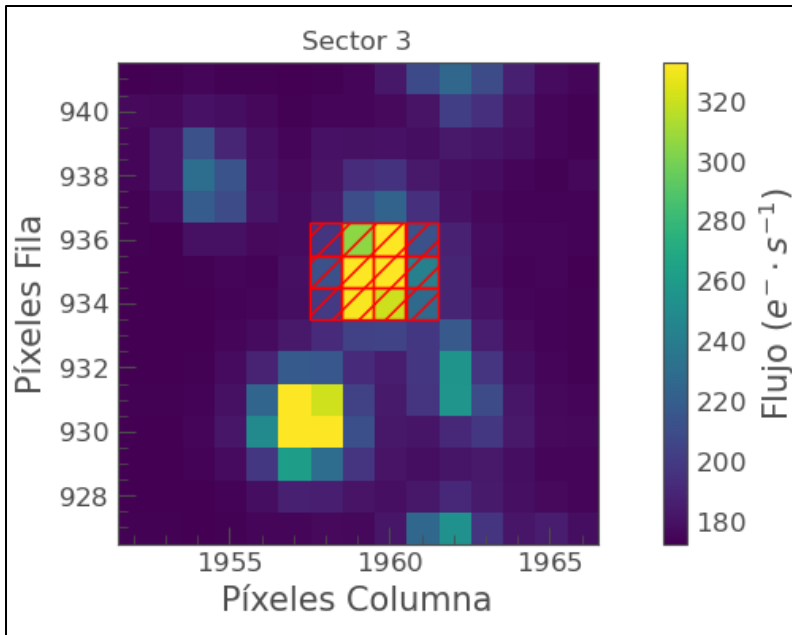
- ▶ Objectives: detecting extragalactic exoplanets with the transit method.
- ▶ Arcturus stream: stellar overdensity at $V \sim -100 \text{ km/s}$.
- ▶ TOPCAT and GAIADR2 → stellar selection:
 - ▶ $-90^\circ \leq b \leq -30^\circ$
 - ▶ $30^\circ \leq b \leq 90^\circ$
 - ▶ Bright stars: $\text{mag} < 14$
 - ▶ Velocity filter:
 - ▶ $-110 \text{ km} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \leq V \leq -90 \text{ km} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$.



Parámetro	Valor
$V[\text{km/s}]$	-100
$L_z[\text{kpc} \cdot \text{km/s}]$	[700-1100]
$[Fe/H][\text{dex}]$	(-1.2, 0.2)
$Edad [\text{Gyr}]$	[8,12]
$(J_r[\text{kpc} \cdot \text{km/s}])^{1/2}$	14.2
$(U^2 + 2V^2)^{1/2}$	157.7

TESS data

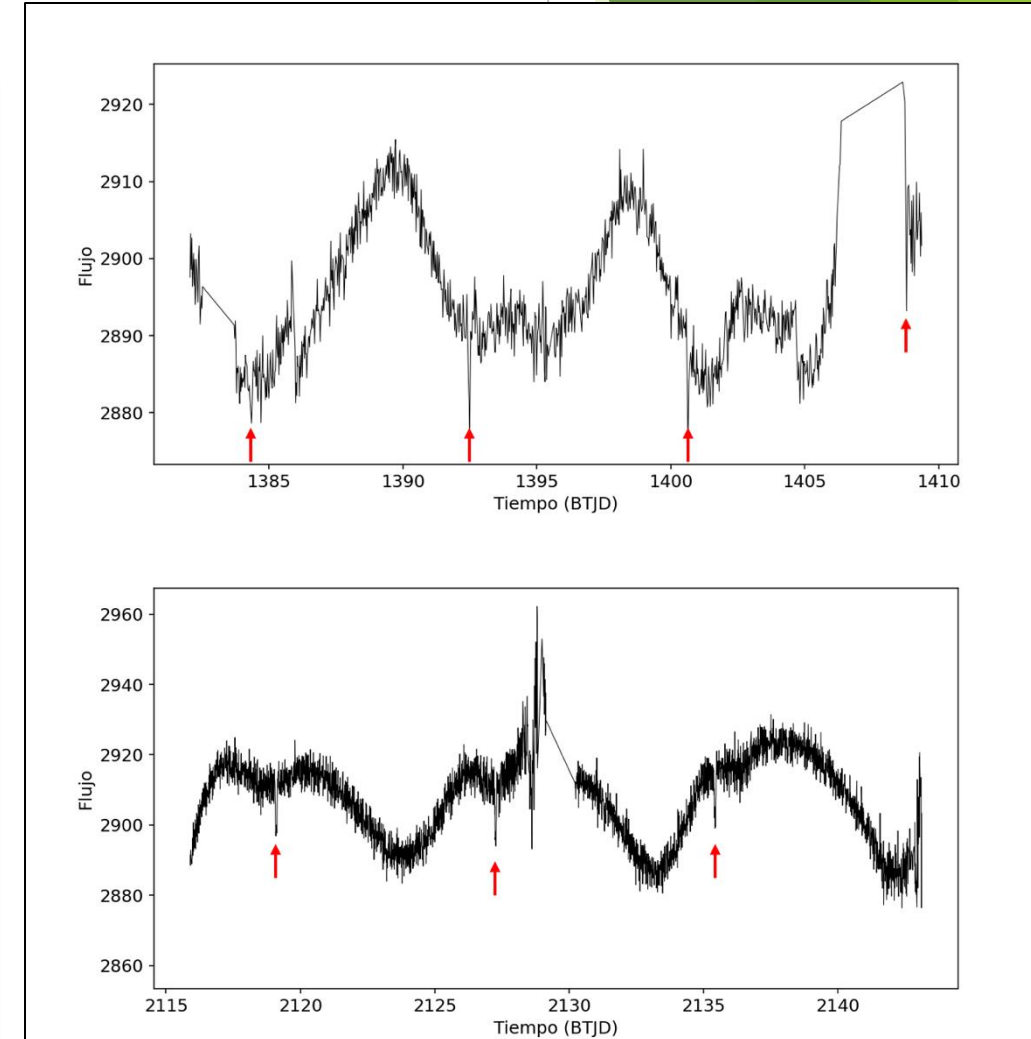
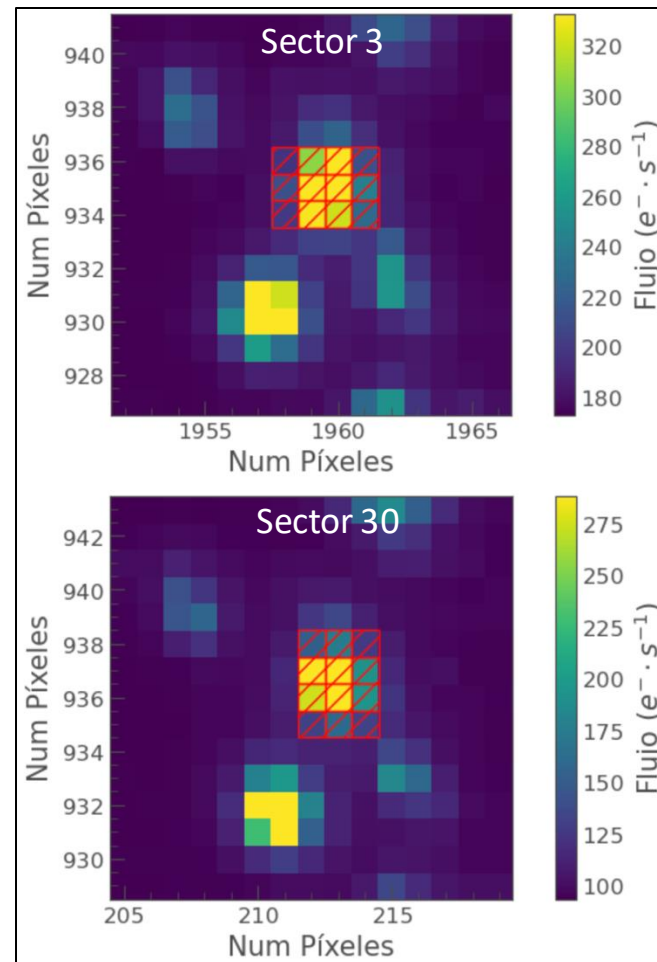
- We have to generate TESS light curves (LCs).
- Lightkurve → creates the LCs from TESS Full Frame Images (FFI).
- All the LCs were analyzed with Box Least Squares → Planetary candidates.
- TIC 33477093 → without external contamination.



The eclipsing binary TIC 33477093

- Observed with TESS in sectors 3 and 30.

Parameter (GAIA)	Value
RA	25.98
Dec	-27.31
$U[km/s]$	8.05
$V[km/s]$	-96.92
$W[km/s]$	-10.41
L_z	1032.60
J_r	194.96



Parameter estimation

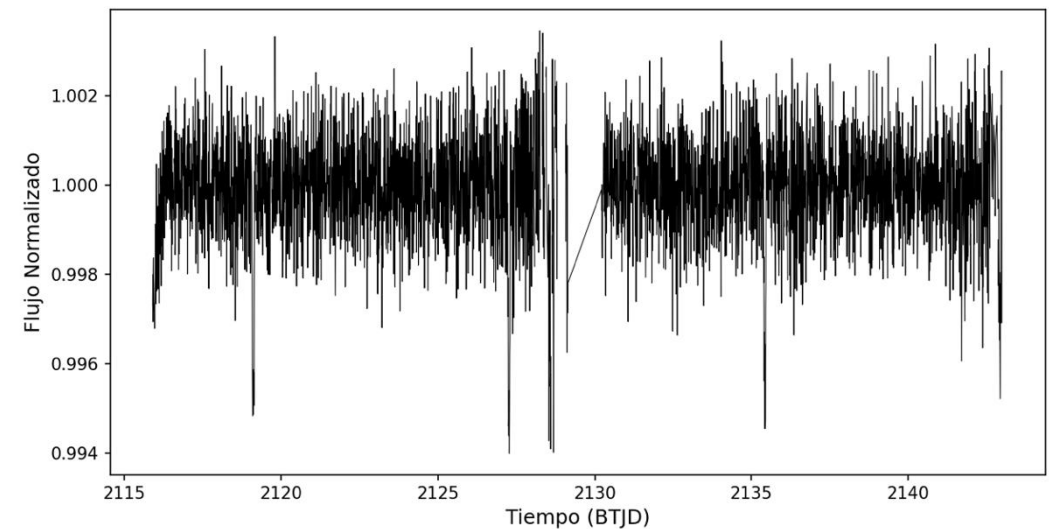
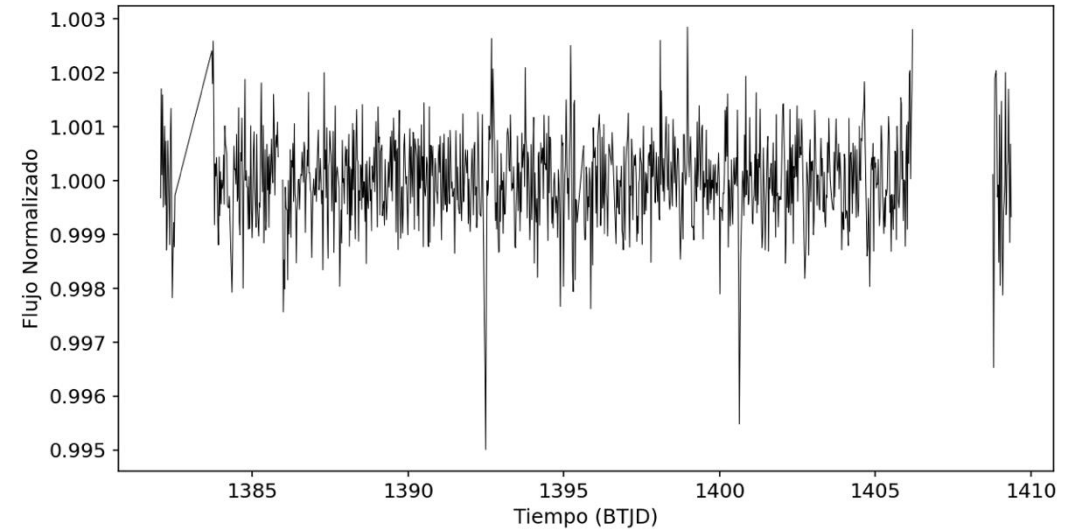
- ▶ Colaboration with IAC.
- ▶ FIES spectrum (5350Å – 5850 Å).
- ▶ Parameters obtained with PARAM1.3 and PARSEC isochrones.
- ▶ High modulation in LCs → Rotation period:
 - ▶ $P_{rot}[d] = 9.24 \pm 0.05$
- ▶ Luminosity: $L[L_{\odot}] = 2.04 \pm 0.31$
- ▶ Stellar type: Subgiant Branch (SGB).
- ▶ Stardate code: Age[Gyr] = 10.37 ± 1.09

Parameter	Value
T_{eff}	5745 ± 100
$logg$ [dex]	4.07 ± 0.04
$[Fe/H]$ [dex]	-0.30 ± 0.15
$R[R_{\odot}]$	1.44 ± 0.06
$M[M_{\odot}]$	0.93 ± 0.02
$Edad$ [Gyr]	10.68 ± 0.78
$(B - V)_0$ [mag]	0.70 ± 0.02
v_{rot} [km/s]	10.0 ± 0.5

Transit signal analysis

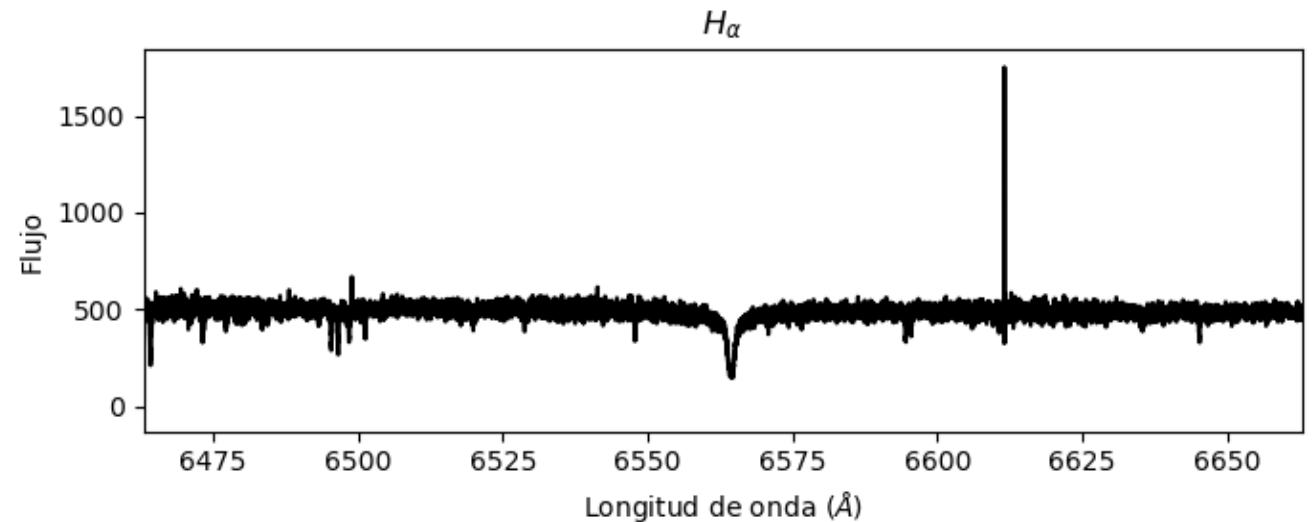
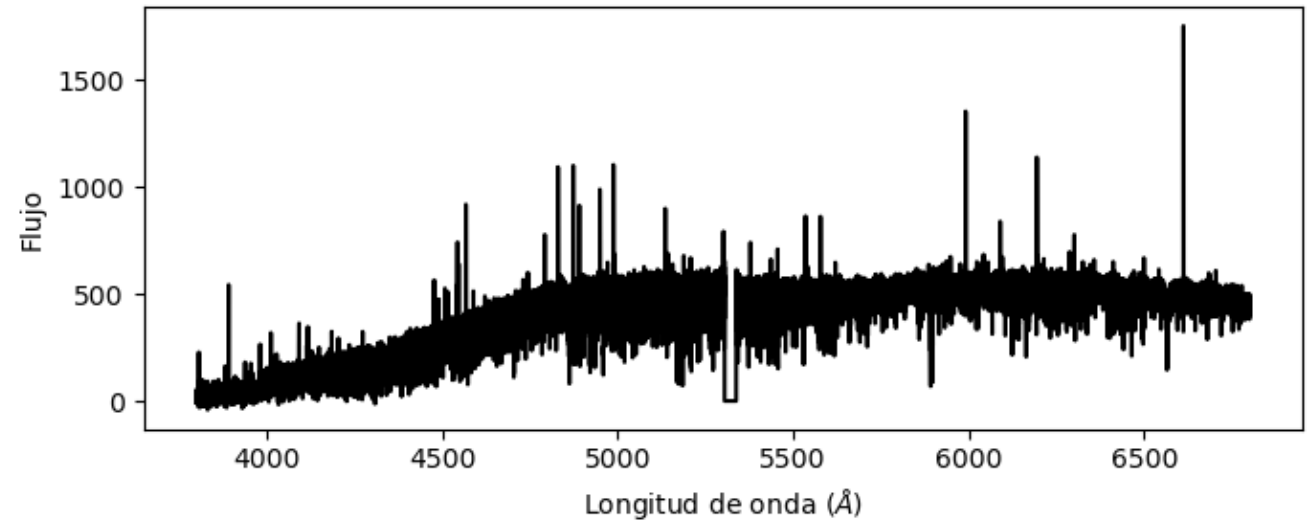
- ▶ We used Transit Least Squares algorithm.
- ▶ Long-term trends → Wotan package.

Parameter	Value
$P[d]$	8.16
$t_0[BTJD]$	1384.32
<i>Num tránsitos</i>	7
<i>Profundidad (%)</i>	0.42
<i>Duración (d)</i>	0.003



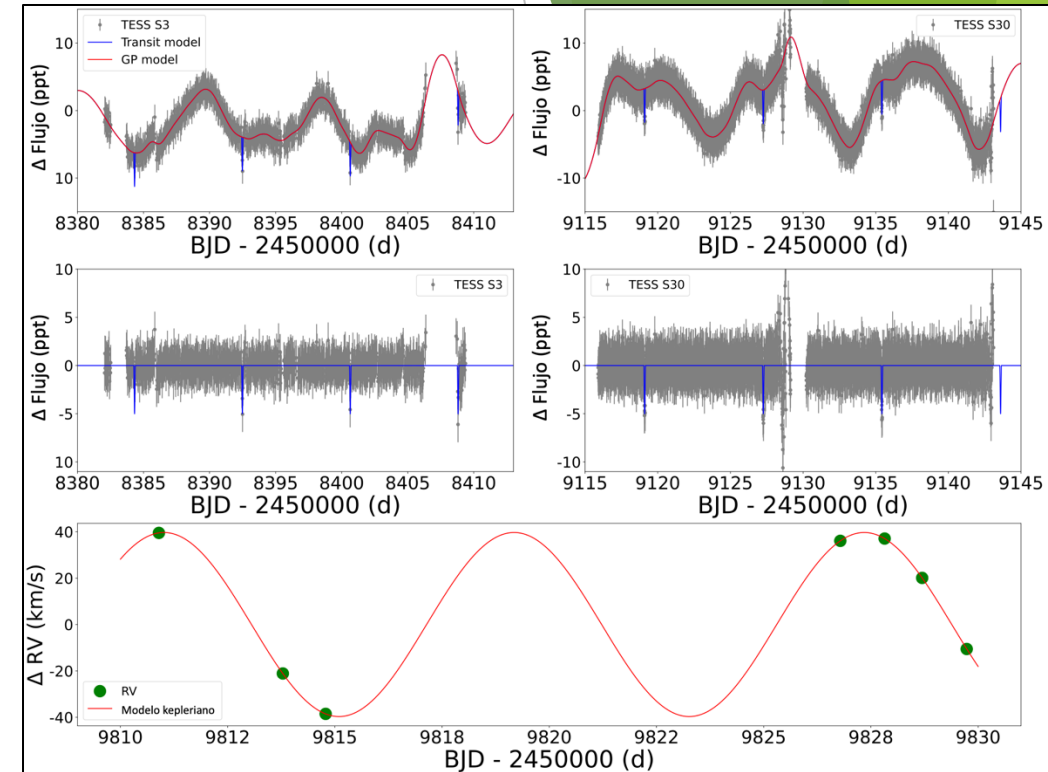
HARPS Spectra

- ▶ We obtained 7 HARPS spectrum:
 - ▶ First: August 2022.
 - ▶ Last: September de 2022.
- ▶ Program ID 0000:
 - ▶ Main Researcher: Rafael Rebolo López.
- ▶ HARPS (High Accuracy Radial Velocity Planet Searcher) → ideal for Radial Velocity análisis.



Joint analysis: photometry + RV

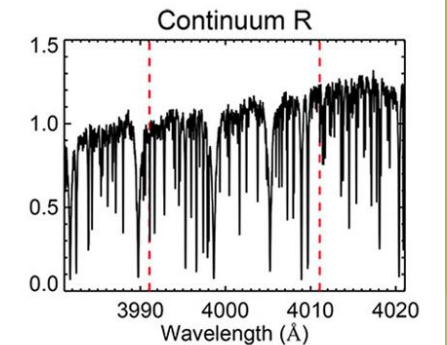
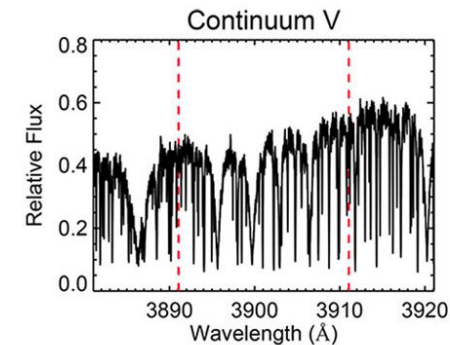
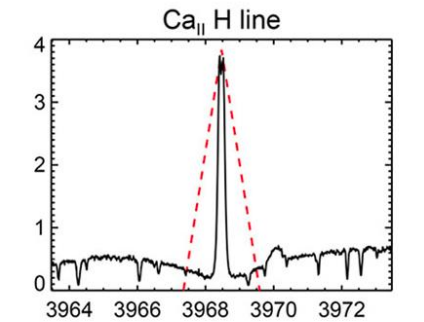
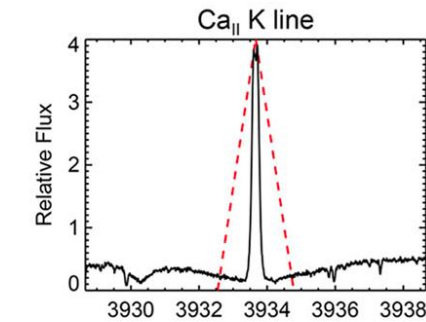
- ▶ Radial Velocity analysis
 - ▶ Amplitude: 40 km/s → Too large to be a planet.
- ▶ Joint analysis:
 - ▶ Dynesty code (bayesian fitting); pytransit (light curve) y Celerite 2 (long term trends); Keplerian model (RV).
 - ▶ Generates grazing transits → we cannot estimate its radius directly.
 - ▶ RV allowed an accurate estimation of the mass → mass-radius relation allows to constraint the radius intervals.
- ▶ Other parameters:
 - ▶ $T_{eff} - R$ relation → $T_{eff}[K] = 3820 \pm 23$
 - ▶ Luminosity: $L_2[L_{\odot}] = 0.039 \pm 0.002$
 - ▶ $L_2/L_1 \sim 1.88 \%$ → Much fainter.



Parámetro	Valor
$P[d]$	8.16421 ± 0.00043
$M_2[M_{\odot}]$	0.4733 ± 0.0052
$R_2[R_{\odot}]$	0.449 ± 0.010
$a[AU]$	0.0888 ± 0.0004
$i[deg]$	84.70 ± 0.26

Chemical Analysis: Spectral index

- ▶ We computed an average spectrum:
 - ▶ Secondary star is much fainter → not considered its contribution.
- ▶ Index:
 - ▶ $S(Ca_{II} H \& K); H_{\alpha}; NaID \gamma HeI$.
- ▶ $S(Ca_{II} H \& K)$ comparison:
 - ▶ Paper: The Astrophysical Journal, Volume 725, Issue 1, pp. 875-885 (2010).
 - ▶ They analyzed 2630 stars.
 - ▶ Filter: colour index.
 - ▶ Star magnetically active.



Índice	Valor
$S(Ca_{II} H \& K)$	0.27 ± 0.04
H_{α}	0.63 ± 0.01
$NaID$	0.85 ± 0.01
HeI	0.50 ± 0.01

Chemical Analysis: Abundances

- ▶ SP_ACE code:
 - ▶ Normalized spectrum.
 - ▶ $\lambda \in [4800\text{\AA} - 6800\text{\AA}]$
- ▶ Comparison: MNRAS, Volume 425, Issue 4, October 2012, Pages 3188–3200.
- ▶ TIC 33477093 is in the expected range of the Arcturus Stream.

Abundancia	Valor
$[Fe/H]$	$-0.45^{+0.03}_{-0.06}$
$[C/H]$	$-0.37^{+0.04}_{-0.02}$
$[Ni/H]$	$-0.38^{+0.08}_{-0.09}$
$[Mg/H]$	$-0.13^{+0.04}_{-0.05}$
$[Si/H]$	$-0.30^{+0.07}_{-0.08}$
$[Na/H]$	$-0.41^{+0.06}_{-0.02}$
$[Ca/H]$	$-0.26^{+0.07}_{-0.06}$

Conclusions

- ▶ TIC 33477093 is part of the Arcturus Stream.
- ▶ It is an eclipsing binary between a SGB and a M-dwarf.
- ▶ Anomalous rotation rates:
 - ▶ Close binary system ($a[UA] = 0.0888 \pm 0.0004$)
 - ▶ Components almost synchronized.
 - ▶ Most probable scenario: tidal synchronization.
- ▶ TIC 33477093 can be established as reference system in the Arcturus Stream.

Thanks for your attention